

# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

## F07JRF (ZPTTRF)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07JRF (ZPTTRF) computes the modified Cholesky factorization of a complex  $n$  by  $n$  Hermitian positive-definite tridiagonal matrix  $A$ .

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07JRF (N, D, E, INFO)
INTEGER N, INFO
double precision D(*)
complex*16 E(*)
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name *zpttrf*.

### 3 Description

F07JRF (ZPTTRF) factorizes the matrix  $A$  as

$$A = LDL^H,$$

where  $L$  is a unit lower bidiagonal matrix and  $D$  is a diagonal matrix with positive diagonal elements. The factorization may also be regarded as having the form  $U^H DU$ , where  $U$  is a unit upper bidiagonal matrix.

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Parameters

- |  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| 1: $\mathbf{N}$ – INTEGER  | <i>Input</i>        |
| <i>On entry:</i> $n$ , the order of the matrix $A$ .   |                     |
| <i>Constraint:</i> $N \geq 0$ .  |                     |
| 2: $\mathbf{D}(\mathbf{*})$ – <b><i>double precision</i></b> array   | <i>Input/Output</i> |
| <b>Note:</b> the dimension of the array $D$ must be at least $\max(1, N)$ .  |                     |
| <i>On entry:</i> must contain the $n$ diagonal elements of the matrix $A$ .  |                     |
| <i>On exit:</i> is overwritten by the $n$ diagonal elements of the diagonal matrix $D$ from the $LDL^H$ factorization of $A$ .                                       |                     |
| 3: $\mathbf{E}(\mathbf{*})$ – <b><i>complex*16</i></b> array   | <i>Input/Output</i> |
| <b>Note:</b> the dimension of the array $E$ must be at least $\max(1, N - 1)$ .  |                     |
| <i>On entry:</i> must contain either the $(n - 1)$ subdiagonal elements, or the $(n - 1)$ superdiagonal elements, of the matrix $A$ .                                |                     |
| <i>On exit:</i> if the subdiagonal elements of $A$ were supplied, then $E$ is overwritten by the $(n - 1)$ subdiagonal elements of the lower bidiagonal matrix $L$ . |                     |

If the superdiagonal elements of  $A$  were supplied, then  $E$  overwritten by the  $(n - 1)$  superdiagonal elements of the upper bidiagonal matrix  $U$ .

4: INFO – INTEGER *Output*

*On exit:* INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO =  $-i$ , the  $i$ th argument had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO =  $i$ , the leading minor of order  $i$  is not positive-definite. If  $i < N$  the factorization could not be completed, while if  $i = N$ , the factorization was completed, but  $D(N) \leq 0$ .

## 7 Accuracy

The computed factorization satisfies an equation of the form

$$A + E = LDL^H,$$

where

$$\|E\|_\infty = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_\infty$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

Following the use of this routine, F07JSF (ZPTTRS) can be used to solve systems of equations  $AX = B$ , and F07JUF (ZPTCON) can be used to estimate the condition number of  $A$ .

## 8 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations required to factorize the matrix  $A$  is proportional to  $n$ .

The real analogue of this routine is F07JDF (DPTTRF).

## 9 Example

To factorize the Hermitian positive-definite tridiagonal matrix  $A$  given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 16.0 & 16.0 - 16.0i & 0 & 0 \\ 16.0 + 16.0i & 41.0 & 18.0 + 9.0i & 0 \\ 0 & 18.0 - 9.0i & 46.0 & 1.0 + 4.0i \\ 0 & 0 & 1.0 - 4.0i & 21.0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 9.1 Program Text

```
* F07JRF Example Program Text
* Mark 21 Release. NAG Copyright 2004.
* .. Parameters ..
  INTEGER             NIN, NOUT
  PARAMETER          (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
  INTEGER             NMAX
  PARAMETER          (NMAX=50)
* .. Local Scalars ..
  INTEGER             I, INFO, N
* .. Local Arrays ..
  COMPLEX *16          E(NMAX-1)
  DOUBLE PRECISION     D(NMAX)
```

```

*      .. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL          ZPTTRF
*      .. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07JRF Example Program Results'
WRITE (NOUT,*)
*      Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) N
IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
*
*      Read the lower bidiagonal part of the tridiagonal matrix A from
*      data file
*
*      READ (NIN,*) (D(I),I=1,N)
*      READ (NIN,*) (E(I),I=1,N-1)
*
*      Factorize the tridiagonal matrix A
*
CALL ZPTTRF(N,D,E,INFO)
*
IF (INFO.GT.0) THEN
    WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'The leading minor of order ', INFO,
+                  ' is not positive definite'
END IF
*
*      Print details of the factorization
*
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Details of factorization'
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'The diagonal elements of D'
WRITE (NOUT,99998) (D(I),I=1,N)
WRITE (NOUT,*) ' '
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Sub-diagonal elements of the Cholesky factor L'
WRITE (NOUT,99998) (E(I),I=1,N-1)
*
ELSE
    WRITE (NOUT,*) 'NMAX too small'
END IF
STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,I3,A)
99998 FORMAT (1X,8F9.4)
99997 FORMAT (1X,5I9)
END

```

## 9.2 Program Data

F07JRF Example Program Data

4				
16.0	41.0	46.0	21.0	:Value of N
( 16.0, 16.0)	( 18.0, -9.0)	( 1.0, -4.0)		:End of diagonal D
				:End of sub-diagonal E

## 9.3 Program Results

F07JRF Example Program Results

Details of factorization

The diagonal elements of D  
16.0000 9.0000 1.0000 4.0000

Sub-diagonal elements of the Cholesky factor L  
1.0000 1.0000 2.0000 -1.0000 1.0000 -4.0000

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